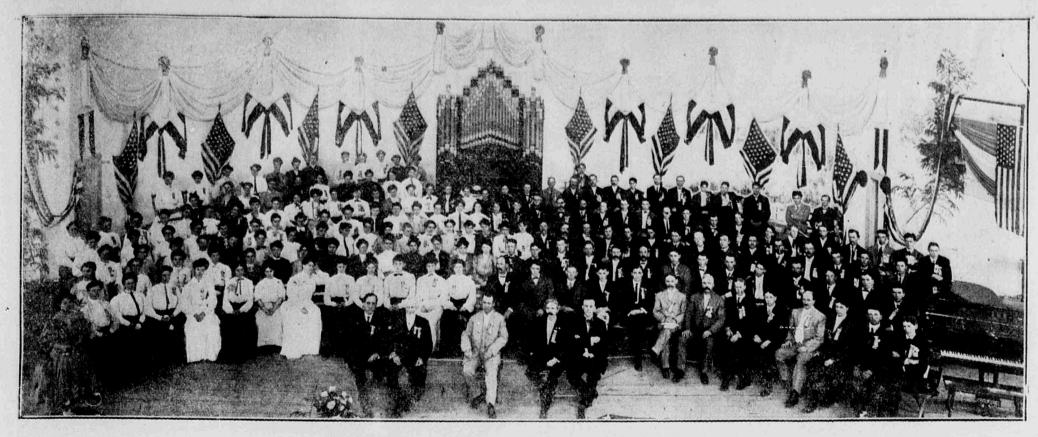
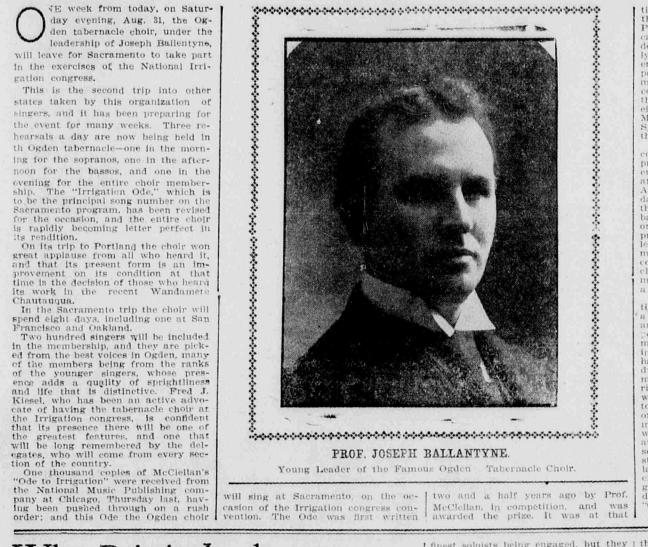
Utah Singers Start For Sacramento on Saturday.



OGDEN'S FAMOUS TABERNACLE CHOIR.

VE week from today, on Saturday evening, Aug. 31, the Ogden tabernacle choir, under the leadership of Joseph Ballentyne, will leave for Sacramento to take part in the exercises of the National Irrigation congress.

This is the second trip into other states taken by this organization of singers, and it has been preparing for the event for many weeks. Three rehearsals a day are now being held in th Ogden tabernacle-one in the morning for the sopranos, one in the afternoon for the bassos, and one in the



time 24 pages long, and was sung at the National Irrigation congress in Portland, two years ago, on the occasion of the trip there of the Ogden choir; being repeated subsequently in Ogden and in the Sail Lake repeated to the Ogden choir; being repeated subsequently in Ogden and in the Sail Lake repeated to rewrite the Ode and make it more complete. This he accomplished after considerable labor, the result being a work of 45 pages, eight follo. The words are those of Mrs. Gilbert McClurg of Colorado Springs, who was awarded the prize at the time the Ode was first composed. A characterization of the revised and completed score is as follows: The prelude portrays the desert as drown of the desert conditions obtaining here of the desert conditions obtaining here back in the 'fortles; and then a second movement in moderato for the soprano soloist, who increases to an allegro in descriptive of "the bones of man and beast lie together," and becoming highly dramatic. The first choras follows in a succession of diaminished seventh choras, and ends in a powerful drawf of the Ode is entitled "March of Races." It opens with a tenor addante cantablle in E major, and is made more noticeable from a roint of harmony by the deceptive musical progressions in 4-4 time, and in general lyric style. In the second half, the soprano joins the tenor in duet, while the chorus takes up the motive of the tenor, and gives full and rich expression to the sentiment. The waste reclaims the ribbined rub which the orchestra has the predominating theme. The next movement is a sopraono solo in A flat major, "Ab stars o'er passed the field of sky." The last of the movement is given by the chorus in planissimo, descriptive of the giff to the early settlers and then in double forte (if major) soncludes the "Gilden cori" theme.

The mext part is entitled "The Pio"

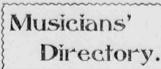
effective congregational singing the only way is to adopt the Welsh method by giving public praise more encouragement and holding the annual congregational musical festivals which have proved so successful in fostering congregational singing in "Gwalia Gwlad y gan" (Wild Wales the land of song).

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Why Britain Leads In Choral Music. par excellence of England With reguard to Mr. Evan Stephens'

To the Editor: very interesting article in last Saturday's "News," I feel like endorsing some of his statements, also to say a few words of interest on other musical matters. It is a fact in which all musical critics-especially those of international fame-concur that England (using the term for British Isles) leads the world in choral singing, whether it be on oratorio or heavy chorus work, or on glee, madrigal, part song or any other style of unaccompanied singing. It is more in the latter style, viz. singing without accompaniment—the true test of choral ability, that English recipies eved Such paniment—the true test of choral ability—that English societies excel. Such finnesse, delicacy, pure tonation, light and shade, etc., and in no part of the world has this unaccompanied singing reached such a high standard of excellence as in certain districts—mostly working class—in England such as in Nottinghamshire, the "Potteries" district of Staffordshire, northeast Lancashire, (Bolton, Blackburn, Manchester, etc.,) and especially the West Riding of Yorkshire, Probably Mr. Stephens did not visit these, the musical centrel part of the way the words are flung, almost spoken from the teeth, the gashing and frenzy, is absolutely thrilling and once heard can never be forgotten.

GREATEST CHORAL LEADER, Without a shadow of a doubt Dr. Coward is the greatest choral leader and trainer living today. When his choir visited London to perform "The Apostles," another glorious work by Elgar, Mozart's Twelfth Mass, some other works and the "Messiah," the

he certainly has missed a treat from e vocal standpoint as no metropolitan south of England societies can comare with the world famous Yorkshire tious," by the Royal Choral society or any other metropolitan society is abso-lutely tame compared to the work of either the Huddersfield, Leeds or Brad-ford festival choirs or what is today the finest oratorio chorus in the world, viz. Sheffield Festival choir (Dr. Coward) on this work. It is worth crossing the ocean to hear this famous choir per-form Mr. Elegr's musterpiece especialocean to hear this famous choir per-form Mr. Elgar's masterpiece, especial-ly that welrd piece, the "Chorus of De-mons," the verse, the conderful dra-matic effect, the way the words are flung, almost spoken from the teeth, the gnashing and frenzy, is absolutely thrilling and once heard can never be forgation.



NEW ORGAN IN PROVO TABERNACLE. The above cut shows the \$10,000 organ just placed in the Utah Stake tabernacle at Provo. The organ built by the Austin Organ company of Hartford, Connecticut, and is considered by experts one of the best

finest soloists being engaged, but they had to play second fiddle to the Yorkshire chorus, as all through the "Messiah" lasting over three hours, the Royal Albert hall was packed and one and all waited to the very finish, all wishing to hear Dr. Coward's choir in the final "Amen" chorus, one of the "Messiah" is as common in London and England in general as the "one of the "Messiah" is as common in London and England in general as the "vote too little of their time to the personner of the properties of the mining regions and more especially of the mationalities, and that is in the general excellence and high standard of its congregational singing. Nothing to compare with it can be heard any where. When the revival was it is height in Rhose, special excursion trains were run from Liverpool, Birkenhead, Manchester and other places just to listen to the wonderful singing, purely congregational in many instances.

low standard, while that of many of the Sunday schools is pitiable in the extreme. I have heard some large children's choirs sing here and barely a note of alto and second soprano to be heard. A correct children's choir is first soprano, second soprano, first alto, second alto. No tenor or bass as men's voices sooil the effect. This feature, all top like singing, is the fault of all classes of our Sunday schools, while in Wales on the other hand the alto part

which adds to the general effect. CONGREGATIONAL SINGING.

Mr. Stephens was correct in stating that far more interest was taken in cultivating music and the love of it with the rising generation in Britain than is the case in America, also there is, more enthusiasm for it among all classes over there than there is here. In one phase or sphere of music Wales

listen to the wonderful singing, purely congregational in many instances, without aid of organ or choir, simply led by the precentor, the audience of fully 2,000 at times singing with the subdued tones of a quartet, a huge whisper, then carried off their feet by a tremendous double forte, such as by a tremendous double forte, such as only Welsh and Yorkshire singers are capable of producing—the bass voice (and Rhose is noted even in Wales for its bass) rolling and reverberating like peals of thunder. No person can picture or imagine what congregational singing in Wales is like, especially when worked up into a "hwyl" in singing some of them pathetic, welrdlike, soul-stirring tunes, mostly in the minor key. This effective congregational singing has not been brought about by either accident or neglect. No country in the world has done even a tithe of what Welsh churches have done for the development and improvement of congregations. done even a tithe of what Welsh churches have done for the development and improvement of congregational singing. It costs untold effort even in Wales, whose people has an inbred aptitude for and an intense love of choral music. I wonder, did Mr. Stephens attend any of the Cymanfaoedd Canu (congregational musical festivals), peculiar to Wales, of which hundreds are held during the year, the combined choruses varying from as low as 250 voices with harmonium, to as high as 10,000 voices with an orchestra of 250, according to population of the districts where the festivals are held. Scores of these festivals are held in the open air in the summer, no building being large enough to accommodate the throng. So the secret of good congregational psalmody in Wales is hard work, devotion, both money and time being expended on the attainment of it, and the improvement is still going on. s still going on. DOWN GRADE IN AMERICA.

In America, on the other hand—more's the pity—congregational singing is decidedly on the down grade, the standard never was very high, and it is going in one sense from bad to worse. Over here, far too much stress is laid on and place given to the "quartet" (may Britain be saved from it), and far too little on congregational singing. The average congregation does not get enough chances to sing in the services to become efficient, while it is the latter and not the quartet or choir that should have the premier place in public worship. The proper function quartet or choir in public worship is like that of an should have the premier place in public worship. The proper function quartet or choir in public worship is like that of an organ—to be a help and accompaniment to the congregational singing and not be the "whole show" by itself, as is too often the case. I have been in churches in this country, "evangelical ones" at that, where the congregation were merely dummies, simply "lookers on," only having a chance at one tune or two at the outside while the pastor was cut down to a 15 minute sermon and the rest simply wasted on some useless preliminaries, organ, violin and vocal solos, duet and quartet, etc., making the church more like a music hall than anything else. If this is the only feature that will attract some people to divine service then the church is far better off without them. I have no objections to church quartets or choirs better off without them. I have no objections to church quartets or choirs so long as they act in their proper sphere, but their efforts however good should not be at the sacrifice and expense of congregational singing. I am sure the average pastor will reach his flock easier after the effective singing of a soul stirring hymn tune by the congregation than after the warblings of a high toned quartet, no matter how classical their rendering may have been. If the various churches in this country desire to attain good and

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